

Introduced by

Industry, Business and Labor Committee

(At the request of the Department of Financial Institutions)

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 13-13 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating  
2 to residential mortgage loan servicers; ~~and~~ to provide a penalty; and to provide an  
3 appropriation.

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 **SECTION 1.** Chapter 13-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as  
6 follows:

7 **13-13-01. Administration.**

8 The department of financial institutions shall administer and enforce this chapter. The  
9 department has the power to promulgate rules and regulations having the force and effect of  
10 law, reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, in accordance with chapter  
11 28-32. Any hearing held and any orders issued pursuant to this chapter must be in accordance  
12 with chapter 28-32. In addition to those powers set forth in chapter 28-32, the department has  
13 additional powers as set forth in this chapter.

14 **13-13-02. Definitions.**

15 As used in this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

- 16 1. "Allowable assets for liquidity" means those assets that may be used to satisfy the  
17 liquidity requirements in this chapter, including unrestricted cash and cash equivalents  
18 and unencumbered investment grade assets held for sale or trade, which include  
19 mortgage-backed securities, obligations of government-sponsored enterprises, and  
20 United States treasury obligations.
- 21 2. "Board of directors" means the formal body established by an applicant or licensee  
22 that is responsible for corporate governance and compliance with this chapter.
- 23 3. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the department of financial institutions.

- 1       4. "Corporate governance" means the structure of the institution and how it is managed,  
2       including the corporate rules, policies, processes, and practices used to oversee and  
3       manage the institution.
- 4       5. "Government-sponsored enterprises" means the federal national mortgage association  
5       (fannie mae), the government national mortgage association (ginnie mae), and the  
6       federal home loan mortgage corporation (freddie mac).
- 7       6. "Interim serviced prior to sale" means the activity of collecting a limited number of  
8       contractual mortgage payments immediately after origination on loans held for sale but  
9       prior to the loans being sold into the secondary market.
- 10      7. "Internal audit" means the internal activity of performing independent, objective  
11      assurance and consulting to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of company  
12      operations, risk management, internal controls, and governance processes.
- 13      8. "Large servicer" means a residential mortgage servicer with servicing portfolios of  
14      two thousand or more one-to-four unit residential mortgage loans serviced or  
15      subserviced for others, excluding whole loans owned, and loans being "interim"  
16      serviced prior to sale as of the most recent calendar year end, reported in the  
17      nationwide multistate licensing system and registry mortgage call report, and that  
18      operates in two or more states, districts, or territories of the United States either  
19      currently or as of the prior calendar year end. For entities within a holding company or  
20      affiliated group of companies' applicability must be at the large servicer level. This  
21      definition excludes servicers solely owning or conducting reverse mortgage servicing,  
22      or both, or the reverse mortgage portfolio administered by the large servicer.
- 23      9. "Lender" means any person that extends money to a borrower with the expectation of  
24      being repaid.
- 25      10. "Liquidity risk" means the potential that the servicer will be unable to meet its  
26      obligations as they come due because of an inability to liquidate assets or obtain  
27      adequate funding or that it cannot easily unwind or offset specific exposures.
- 28      11. "Mortgage call report" means the quarterly or annual report of residential real estate  
29      loan origination, servicing, and financial information completed by companies licensed  
30      in the nationwide multistate licensing system and registry.

- 1        12. "Mortgage servicing rights" refers to the contractual right to service residential  
2        mortgage loans on behalf of the owner of the associated mortgage in exchange for  
3        specified compensation in accordance with the servicing contract.
- 4        13. "Mortgage servicing rights investor" means entities that invest in and own mortgage  
5        servicing rights and rely on subservicers to administer the loans on their behalf.  
6        Mortgage servicing rights investors are often referred to as master servicers.
- 7        14. "Nationwide multistate licensing system and registry" means the registry developed by  
8        the conference of state bank supervisors and the American association of residential  
9        mortgage regulators and owned and operated by the state regulatory registry, LLC, or  
10       any successor or affiliated entity, for the licensing and registration of persons in  
11       financial services industries.
- 12       15. "Operating liquidity" means the funds necessary to perform normal business  
13       operations, such as payment of rent, salaries, interest expense, and other typical  
14       expenses associated with operating the entity.
- 15       16. "Records" means books, accounts, papers, records, and files, no matter in what  
16       format they are kept, which are used in conducting business under this chapter.
- 17       17. "Residential mortgage loan servicing" means receiving any scheduled periodic  
18       payments from a borrower pursuant to the terms of any federally related mortgage  
19       loan, including amounts for escrow accounts under section 10 of the Real Estate  
20       Settlement Procedures Act [12 U.S.C. 2609], and making the payments to the owner  
21       of the loan or other third parties of principal and interest and such other payments with  
22       respect to the amounts received from the borrower as may be required pursuant to the  
23       terms of the mortgage servicing loan documents or servicing contract. In the case of a  
24       home equity conversion mortgage or reverse mortgage as referenced in this section,  
25       servicing includes making payments to the borrower.
- 26       18. "Reverse mortgage" means a loan collateralized by real estate, typically made to  
27       borrowers over fifty-five years of age, which does not require contractual monthly  
28       payments and is typically repaid upon the death of the borrower through the sale of  
29       the home or refinance by the heirs.

- 1        19. "Risk management assessment" means the functional evaluations performed under  
2        the risk management program and reports provided to the board of directors under the  
3        relevant governance protocol.
- 4        20. "Risk management program" means the policies and procedures designed to identify,  
5        measure, monitor, and mitigate risk sufficient for the level of sophistication of the  
6        residential mortgage loan servicer.
- 7        21. "Service or servicing a loan" means on behalf of the lender or investor of a residential  
8        mortgage loan:
- 9            a. Collecting or receiving payments on existing obligations due and owing to the  
10          lender or investor, including payments of principal, interest, escrow amounts, and  
11          other amounts due;
- 12          b. Collecting fees due to the servicer;
- 13          c. Working with the borrower and the licensed lender or servicer to collect data and  
14          make decisions necessary to modify certain terms of those obligations either  
15          temporarily or permanently;
- 16          d. Otherwise finalizing collection through the foreclosure process; or
- 17          e. Servicing a reverse mortgage loan.
- 18        22. "Servicer" means the entity performing the routine administration of residential  
19        mortgage loans on behalf of the owner or owners of the related mortgages under the  
20        terms of a servicing contract.
- 21        23. "Servicing liquidity or liquidity" means the financial resources necessary to manage  
22        liquidity risk arising from servicing functions required in acquiring and financing  
23        mortgage servicing rights, hedging costs, including margin calls, associated with the  
24        mortgage servicing rights asset and financing facilities, and advances or costs of  
25        advance financing for principal, interest, taxes, insurance, and any other servicing-  
26        related advances.
- 27        24. "Subservicer" means the entity performing the routine administration of residential  
28        mortgage loans as agent of a servicer or mortgage servicing rights investor under the  
29        terms of a subservicing contract.
- 30        25. "Tangible net worth" means total equity less receivables due from related entities, less  
31        goodwill, and other intangibles less pledged assets.

1        26. "Whole loans" means loans where a mortgage and the underlying credit risk is owned  
2                    and held on the balance sheet of the entity with all ownership rights.

3        **13-13-03. Residential mortgage loan servicing license required.**

4        Except as otherwise provided, a person other than a residential mortgage loan servicer  
5 licensed and authorized under this chapter may not engage in residential mortgage loan  
6 servicing, either as a servicer, subservicer, or mortgage servicing rights investor, in the state  
7 without a residential mortgage loan servicer license issued by the commissioner. A person  
8 engages in residential mortgage loan servicing in the state if the borrower resides in North  
9 Dakota.

10       **13-13-04. Entities exempted from licensing requirements.**

11       This chapter does not apply to:

- 12       1. Banks;
- 13       2. Credit unions;
- 14       3. Savings and loan associations;
- 15       4. State or federal housing finance agencies;
- 16       5. Institutions chartered by the farm credit administration; or
- 17       6. Not-for-profit mortgage servicers.

18       **13-13-05. Application for residential mortgage loan servicer license.**

19       Every application for a residential mortgage loan servicer license, branch registration, or a  
20 renewal, must be made upon forms designed and furnished by the department of financial  
21 institutions and must contain any information which the department deems necessary and  
22 proper. The department may further require any applicant to provide additional information that  
23 is not requested on the application form. The applicant shall register with the North Dakota  
24 secretary of state if so required.

25       **13-13-06. Fee to accompany application for residential mortgage loan servicer**  
26 **license.**

27       The application for license must be in writing, under oath, and in the form prescribed by the  
28 commissioner. The application must give the location or locations where the business is to be  
29 conducted and must contain any further information the commissioner requires, including the  
30 names and addresses of the partners, officers, directors, trustees, and the principal owners or  
31 members, and will provide the basis for the investigation and findings contemplated under

1 section 13-13-05. At the time of making an application, the applicant shall include payment in  
2 the sum of four hundred dollars, which is not subject to refund, as a fee for investigating the  
3 application, and the sum of four hundred dollars for a license fee.

4 **13-13-07. Financial condition.**

5 This section applies to large servicers as defined in subsection 9 of section 13-13-02.

6 1. A large servicer must maintain capital and liquidity in compliance with this section.

7 2. For the purposes of complying with the capital and liquidity requirements of this  
8 section, all financial data must be determined in accordance with generally accepted  
9 accounting principles.

10 3. A large servicer that meets the federal housing finance agency eligibility requirements  
11 for enterprise single-family seller or servicers for capital, net worth ratio, and liquidity,  
12 regardless of whether the servicer is approved for government-sponsored enterprises  
13 servicing, meets the requirements of subsections 1 and 2 of this section. Large  
14 servicers shall maintain written policies and procedures implementing the capital and  
15 servicing liquidity requirements of this section. Such policies and procedures must  
16 include a sustainable written methodology for satisfying the requirements of this  
17 subsection and be available to the commissioner upon request.

18 4. Large servicers shall maintain sufficient allowable assets for liquidity in addition to the  
19 amounts required for servicing liquidity to cover normal business operations. Large  
20 servicers shall have sound cash management and business operating plans that  
21 match the size and sophistication of the institution to ensure normal business  
22 operations. Management must develop, establish, and implement plans, policies, and  
23 procedures for maintaining operating liquidity sufficient for the ongoing needs of the  
24 institution. The plans, policies, and procedures must contain sustainable, written  
25 methodologies for maintaining sufficient operating liquidity and be available to the  
26 commissioner upon request.

27 **13-13-08. Financial condition for applicant or licensee not subject to 13-13-07.**

28 1. An applicant or licensee not subject to 13-13-07 which is operating as an approved  
29 servicer by one or more government-sponsored enterprises must maintain liquidity to  
30 include operating reserves, and tangible net worth that meet the standards set by the  
31 entity. If approved by more than one entity, the applicant or licensee must meet the

1 highest standard of the entities for which they are approved. Applicants or licensees  
2 with a combined portfolio are subject to this standard.

3 2. An applicant or licensee with a portfolio of loans not subject to any government-  
4 sponsored enterprises requirements must maintain liquidity to include operating  
5 reserves of 0.00035 times the unpaid principal balance of the portfolio and maintain a  
6 minimum tangible net worth as set forth in paragraph a of this subsection or, in lieu of  
7 the tangible net worth, maintain a one million dollar surety bond.

8 a. Minimum tangible net worth, based on nationwide portfolio:

9	<u>0-199 loans</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>
10	<u>200-299 loans</u>	<u>\$200,000</u>
11	<u>300-399 loans</u>	<u>\$300,000</u>
12	<u>400-499 loans</u>	<u>\$400,000</u>
13	<u>500-599 loans</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>
14	<u>600-699 loans</u>	<u>\$600,000</u>
15	<u>700-799 loans</u>	<u>\$700,000</u>
16	<u>800-899 loans</u>	<u>\$800,000</u>
17	<u>900-999 loans</u>	<u>\$900,000</u>
18	<u>1,000 plus loans</u>	<u>\$1,000,000</u>

19 b. An applicant or licensee servicing North Dakota residential mortgage accounts  
20 may apply to the commissioner to waive or adjust one or more of these capital or  
21 liquidity requirements. In considering such a request, the commissioner will  
22 consider the number and types of loans being serviced and whether the licensee  
23 has a positive net worth and adequate operating reserves. For purposes of this  
24 section, "operating reserves" are funds set aside in anticipation of future  
25 payments or obligations and are included in liquidity.

26 c. Licensees subject to this section must annually or more frequently report, as  
27 prescribed by the commissioner, on liquidity, including operating reserves, and  
28 tangible net worth.

29 **13-13-09. Corporate governance.**

30 This section applies to large servicers as defined in section 13-13-02.

- 1       1. Large servicers shall establish and maintain a board of directors responsible for its  
2       oversight. For large servicers that are not approved to service loans by a government-  
3       sponsored enterprise, or where these federal agencies have granted approval for a  
4       board alternative, an institution may establish a similar body constituted to exercise  
5       oversight and fulfill the board of directors' responsibilities in subsection 2.
- 6       2. The board of directors shall be responsible for:
  - 7       a. Establishing a written corporate governance framework, including appropriate  
8       internal controls designed to monitor corporate governance and assess  
9       compliance with the corporate governance framework.
  - 10      b. Monitoring and ensuring institution compliance with the corporate governance  
11      framework and this chapter.
  - 12      c. Reporting, accurately and timely, regulatory reports, including the requirements  
13      for filing the mortgage call report as required by section 13-13-23.
  - 14      d. Establishing internal audit requirements that are appropriate for the size,  
15      complexity, and risk profile of the servicer, with appropriate independence to  
16      provide a reliable evaluation of the servicer's internal control structure, risk  
17      management, and governance.
- 18      3. Licensees subject to this section shall obtain an external opinion audit, including  
19      audited financial statements and audit reports conducted by an independent public  
20      accountant annually, including at a minimum:
  - 21      a. Annual financial statements, including balance sheet, statement of operations or  
22      income statement, cashflows, notes, and supplemental schedules prepared in  
23      accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
  - 24      b. Assessment of the internal control structure.
  - 25      c. Computation of tangible net worth.
  - 26      d. Validation of mortgage servicing rights valuation and reserve methodology, if  
27      applicable.
  - 28      e. Verification of adequate fidelity and errors and omissions insurance.
  - 29      f. Testing of controls related to risk management activities, including compliance  
30      and stress testing, where applicable.



- 1       4. Licensees subject to this section shall establish a risk management program under the  
2       oversight of the board of directors that identifies, measures, monitors, and controls risk  
3       sufficient for the level of sophistication of the servicer. The risk management program  
4       must:
- 5       a. Have appropriate processes and models in place to measure, monitor, and  
6       mitigate financial risk and changes to the risk profile of the servicer and assets  
7       being serviced.
- 8       b. Be scaled to the complexity of the organization, but be sufficiently robust to  
9       manage risks in several areas, including:
- 10       (1) Credit risk. The potential that a borrower or counterparty will fail to perform  
11       on an obligation.
- 12       (2) Liquidity risk. The potential that the servicer will be unable to meet its  
13       obligations as they come due because of an inability to liquidate assets or  
14       obtain adequate funding or that it cannot easily unwind or offset specific  
15       exposures.
- 16       (3) Operational risk. The risk resulting from inadequate or failed internal  
17       processes, people, and systems or from external events.
- 18       (4) Market risk. The risk to the servicer's condition resulting from adverse  
19       movements in market rates or prices.
- 20       (5) Compliance risk. The risk of regulatory sanctions, fines, penalties, or losses  
21       resulting from failure to comply with laws, rules, regulations, or other  
22       supervisory requirements applicable to the servicer.
- 23       (6) Legal risk. The potential that actions against the institution that result in  
24       unenforceable contracts, lawsuits, legal sanctions, or adverse judgments  
25       can disrupt or otherwise negatively affect the operations or condition of the  
26       servicer.
- 27       (7) Reputation risk. The risk to earnings and capital arising from negative  
28       publicity regarding the servicer's business practices.
- 29       5. Licensees subject to this section shall conduct a risk management assessment on an  
30       annual basis, concluding with a formal report to the board of directors. Evidence of risk

1           management activities throughout the year must be maintained and made part of the  
2           report, including findings of issues and the response to address those findings.  
3        6.   Licensees subject to this section must maintain the audits, policies and procedures,  
4           and assessment results as part of their books and records available to the  
5           commissioner upon request.

6        **13-13-10. Expiration and renewal of license.**

7        All licenses required under this chapter expire on December thirty-first of each year and  
8        may be renewed. Renewals are effective the succeeding January first. Applications for renewal  
9        must be submitted no later than thirty days before the expiration of the license and must be  
10       accompanied by the required annual renewal fee, which is not subject to refund. The renewal  
11       fee must equal five hundred dollars or two dollars and forty cents per one hundred thousand  
12       dollars of North Dakota mortgage loans serviced, whichever is greater. The renewal fee shall be  
13       based on the average mortgage loans serviced over the previous four quarters ending June  
14       thirtieth of the current year as reported on the mortgage call report. The renewal fee may not  
15       exceed one hundred thousand dollars. Fees must be paid to the department of financial  
16       institutions and be deposited in the financial institutions regulatory fund. The form and content of  
17       renewal applications must be determined by the department of financial institutions, and a  
18       renewal application may be denied upon the same grounds as would justify denial of an initial  
19       application. When a licensee has been delinquent in renewing its license, the department of  
20       financial institutions may charge an additional fee of fifty dollars for the renewal of the license. A  
21       residential mortgage loan servicer license is not transferable. If the commissioner determines  
22       that an ownership change has occurred in a sole proprietorship, partnership, limited liability  
23       partnership, corporation, or limited liability corporation that was previously granted a residential  
24       mortgage loan servicer license, the commissioner may require a new application from the  
25       purchaser. The application must be filed within forty-five days from the date change of  
26       ownership is consummated. The residential mortgage loan servicer license granted to the  
27       previous owner continues in effect to the new purchaser until the application is either granted or  
28       denied.

29        **13-13-11. Powers of the department of financial institutions.**

30        The department of financial institutions has the power to:

- 1       1. Determine the qualifications of all applicants based on financial responsibility, financial  
2       condition, business experience, character, and general fitness which must reasonably  
3       warrant the belief that the applicant's business will be conducted lawfully and fairly. In  
4       determining whether this qualification is met, and for the purpose of investigating  
5       compliance with the chapter, the commissioner may review and consider the relevant  
6       business records and capital adequacy of the applicant and the competence,  
7       experience, integrity, and financial ability of a person who is a member, partner,  
8       director, officer, or twenty-five percent or more shareholder of the applicant.
- 9       2. Establish codes of ethical conduct for licensees.
- 10      3. The commissioner may:
  - 11      a. Order or direct the licensee subject to this chapter to satisfy additional conditions  
12      necessary to ensure that the institution will continue to operate in a safe and  
13      sound manner and be able to continue to service loans in compliance with state  
14      and federal law or regulation where risk to the institution or borrower is extremely  
15      high, as determined by a formal review.
  - 16      b. Provide notice that all or part of this chapter is not applicable to an institution  
17      where risk to the institution is extremely low, as determined by a formal review.
  - 18      c. Provide public notice of a temporary suspension of all or certain sections of this  
19      chapter where economic, environmental, or societal events are determined to be  
20      of such severity to warrant a temporary suspension.

21       **13-13-12. Manner in which records to be kept.**

22       Every residential mortgage loan servicer licensed under this chapter shall keep a record of  
23       all sums collected and all loans serviced by the residential mortgage loan servicer for a period  
24       of six years from the date of last entry. If the records can be reproduced upon request by the  
25       department of financial institutions within the required statutory time period provided in this  
26       section, the records of a licensee may be maintained electronically. When a licensee ceases  
27       operations for any reason, the licensee shall inform the department of the location of the  
28       records. In addition, the licensee shall provide the name of the individual responsible for  
29       maintenance of the records. The licensee shall notify the department within ten business days  
30       of the change of the location of the records or the change of the individual responsible for  
31       maintenance of the records.

1        **13-13-13. Revocation of license - Suspension of license - Surrender of license.**

- 2        1. The commissioner may issue upon any licensee an order suspending or revoking a  
3        licensee's license if the commissioner finds that:
- 4            a. The licensee has failed to pay the annual license fee under this chapter or any  
5            examination fee imposed by the commissioner under the authority of this chapter.
- 6            b. The licensee, either knowingly or without the exercise of due care to prevent the  
7            same, has violated any provision of this chapter or any regulation or order  
8            lawfully made pursuant to and within the authority of this chapter.
- 9            c. Any fact or condition existing at the time of the original application for such  
10           license which clearly would have warranted the department of financial  
11           institutions in refusing originally to issue such license.
- 12           d. The licensee has failed to maintain the required bond.
- 13           e. The licensee has failed to maintain registration with the secretary of state if so  
14           required.
- 15        2. The order must contain a notice of opportunity for hearing pursuant to chapter 28-32.
- 16        3. If a hearing is not requested within twenty days of the date the order is served upon  
17        the licensee, the order is final. If a hearing is held and the commissioner finds that the  
18        record warrants, the commissioner may enter a final order. The final order is final  
19        suspending or revoking the license.
- 20        4. If the commissioner finds that probable cause for revocation of any license exists and  
21        that enforcement of the chapter requires immediate suspension of the license pending  
22        investigation, it may, upon issuance, enter an order suspending the license pending  
23        the holding of a hearing as prescribed in this chapter.
- 24        5. Any licensee may surrender its license, but surrender does not affect the licensee's  
25        civil or criminal liability for acts committed before the surrender.

26        **13-13-14. Suspension and removal of residential mortgage loan servicer officers and**  
27        **employees.**

- 28        1. The commissioner of financial institutions may issue upon a current or former  
29        residential mortgage loan servicer officer or employee and upon the licensee involved  
30        an order stating:

- 1           a. The current or former officer or employee is engaging or has engaged in any of  
2           the following conduct:  
3           (1) Violating a law, rule, order, or written agreement with the commissioner.  
4           (2) Engaging in harassment or abuse, the making of false or misleading  
5           representations, or engaging in unfair practices involving servicing activity.  
6           (3) Performing an act of commission or omission or practice which is a breach  
7           of trust or a breach of fiduciary duty.  
8           b. The term of the suspension or removal from employment and participation within  
9           the conduct or the affairs of a residential mortgage loan servicer.  
10          2. The order must contain a notice of opportunity for hearing pursuant to chapter 28-32.  
11          3. If a hearing is not requested within twenty days of the date the order is served, the  
12          order is final. If a hearing is held and the commissioner finds that the record so  
13          warrants, the commissioner may enter a final order. The final order suspending or  
14          removing the current or former employee is final. The current or former officer or  
15          employee may request a termination of the final order after a period of no less than  
16          three years.  
17          4. A contested or default suspension or removal order is effective immediately upon  
18          issuance on the current or former officer or employee and upon the licensee. A  
19          consent order is effective as agreed. Any current or former officer or employee  
20          suspended or removed from employment and participation within the conduct or the  
21          affairs of a residential mortgage loan servicer pursuant to this section is not eligible,  
22          while under suspension or removal, to be employed or otherwise participate in the  
23          affairs of any financial corporation, financial institution, credit union, or any other entity  
24          licensed by the department of financial institutions.  
25          5. When any current or former officer or employee, or other person participating in the  
26          conduct of the affairs of a licensee is charged with a felony in state or federal court  
27          which involves dishonesty or breach of trust, the commissioner may immediately  
28          suspend the person from office or prohibit the person from further participation in the  
29          affairs of any entity licensed or chartered by the department. The order is effective  
30          upon issuance and remains in effect until the criminal charge is finally disposed of or  
31          until modified by the commissioner. If a judgment of conviction, federal pretrial

1 diversion, conviction or agreement to plea to lesser charges, or similar state order or  
2 judgment is entered, the suspension or prohibition is permanent. A finding of not guilty  
3 or other disposition of the charge does not preclude the commissioner from pursuing  
4 administrative or civil remedies.

5 **13-13-15. Prohibited acts and practices.**

6 It is a violation of this chapter for a person subject to this chapter to:

- 7 1. Make or cause to be made any materially false statement or representation in any  
8 document or statement required to be filed under any provision of this chapter, or to  
9 omit any material statement or fact necessary in order to make the statements made,  
10 in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.
- 11 2. Directly or indirectly, employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud or mislead  
12 borrowers or lenders to defraud any person.
- 13 3. Directly or indirectly, make any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit a material  
14 fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances  
15 under which they are made, not misleading in connection with the procurement or  
16 promise of procurement of any lender or loan funds.
- 17 4. Engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person.
- 18 5. Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation.
- 19 6. Conduct any business covered by this chapter without holding a valid license as  
20 required under this chapter or assist or aid and abet any person in the conduct of  
21 business under this chapter without a valid license as required under this chapter.
- 22 7. Fail to make disclosures as required by this chapter and any other applicable state or  
23 federal law and regulations.
- 24 8. Fail to comply with this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter or fail to comply  
25 with any other state or federal law, including the rules and regulations, applicable to  
26 any business authorized or conducted under this chapter.
- 27 9. Negligently make any false statement or make any omission of material fact in  
28 connection with any information or reports filed with a governmental agency, the  
29 nationwide multistate licensing system and registry, or in connection with any  
30 investigation conducted by the commissioner or another governmental agency.

- 1        10. Collect, charge, attempt to collect or charge, or use or propose any agreement  
2            purporting to collect or charge any fee prohibited by this chapter.
- 3        11. Cause or require a borrower to obtain property insurance coverage in an amount that  
4            exceeds the replacement cost of the improvements as established by the property  
5            insurer.
- 6        12. Fail to truthfully account for moneys belonging to a party to a loan transaction.
- 7        13. Conduct another business within the same office, suite, room, or place of business at  
8            which the licensee engages in residential mortgage loan servicer business unless the  
9            commissioner provides written authorization after a determination the other business  
10           is not contrary to the best interests of any borrower.
- 11       14. Enter any agreement that constitutes a precomputed loan.

12        **13-13-16. Orders and injunctions.**

13        Whenever it appears to the department of financial institutions either upon complaint or  
14 otherwise, that any person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act or  
15 practice or transaction which is prohibited by this chapter, or by any order of the department  
16 issued pursuant to any section of this chapter or which is declared to be illegal in this chapter,  
17 the department may, in its discretion:

- 18        1. Issue an order that is effective upon issuance, including cease and desist, stop, and  
19            suspension orders, which it deems necessary or appropriate in the public interest or  
20            for the protection of the public. Any person aggrieved by an order issued pursuant to  
21            this subsection may request a hearing before the department if the request is made  
22            within ten days after receipt of the order. The hearing must be held in accordance with  
23            chapter 28-32 as must any appeal.
- 24        2. Apply to the district court of Burleigh County for an injunction restraining a person and  
25            the agents, employees, partners, officers, and directors of the person from continuing  
26            the act, practice, or transaction of engaging or doing any acts in furtherance of, and for  
27            other and further relief as the facts may warrant. In any proceeding for an injunction,  
28            the department may apply for and on due showing be entitled to have issued the  
29            court's subpoena requiring the appearance of any defendants and their agents,  
30            employees, partners, officers, or directors, and the production of documents, books,  
31            and records as may appear necessary for the hearing upon the petition for an

1 injunction. Upon proof of any of the offenses described in this section, the court may  
2 grant an injunction as the facts may warrant. The court may not require the  
3 department to post a bond.

4 **13-13-17. Investigations, subpoenas, and examination authority.**

5 In addition to any authority allowed under this chapter, the commissioner may conduct  
6 investigations and examinations as follows:

7 1. The department of financial institutions may:

8 a. Make a public or private investigation or examination within or outside this state  
9 as it deems necessary to determine whether any person has violated or is about  
10 to violate any provision of this chapter or any rule or order, or to aid in the  
11 enforcement of this chapter or in the prescribing of rules and forms. The licensee  
12 shall pay an investigation or examination fee and must be charged by the  
13 department of financial institutions at an hourly rate to be set by the  
14 commissioner, sufficient to cover all reasonable expenses of the department  
15 associated with the visitation provided for by this section. Fees must be  
16 deposited in the financial institutions regulatory fund.

17 b. Require or permit any person to file a statement in writing, under oath or  
18 otherwise as the department determines, as to all the facts and circumstances  
19 concerning the matter to be investigated or examined.

20 c. Publish information concerning any violation of this chapter or any rule or order.

21 2. For the purpose of any investigation, examination, or proceeding under this chapter,  
22 the department of financial institutions may administer oaths and affirmations,  
23 subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the  
24 production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, agreements, or other  
25 documents or records which the department deems relevant or material to the inquiry.

26 3. The district court, upon application by the department of financial institutions, may  
27 issue an order requiring a witness to appear before the department, to produce  
28 documentary evidence if so ordered or to give evidence touching the matter in  
29 question under investigation or examination. Failure to obey the order of the court may  
30 be punished by the court as a contempt of court.



- 1       4. No person is excused from attending and testifying or from producing any document or  
2       record before the department of financial institutions, or in obedience to the subpoena  
3       of the department, or in any proceeding instituted by the department, on the grounds  
4       that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of the person may  
5       tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty forfeiture, but no  
6       individual may be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on  
7       account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which the person is compelled,  
8       after claiming the privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence,  
9       documentary or otherwise, except that the individual testifying is not exempt from  
10      prosecution and punishment for perjury or contempt committed in testifying.
- 11      5. For purposes of initial licensing, license renewal, license suspension, license  
12      conditioning, license revocation or termination, or general or specific inquiry or  
13      investigation to determine compliance with this chapter, the commissioner may  
14      access, receive, and use any books, accounts, records, files, documents, information,  
15      or evidence, including:
- 16      a. Criminal, civil, and administrative history information, including nonconviction  
17      data;
- 18      b. Personal history and experience information, including independent credit reports  
19      obtained from a consumer reporting agency described in section 603(p) of the  
20      Fair Credit Reporting Act [15 U.S.C. Section 1681 et seq.]; and
- 21      c. Any other documents, information, or evidence the commissioner deems relevant  
22      to the inquiry or investigation regardless of the location, possession, control, or  
23      custody of such documents, information, or evidence.
- 24      6. For purposes of investigating violations or complaints arising under this chapter, or for  
25      purposes of examination, the commissioner may review, investigate, or examine any  
26      licensee or person subject to this chapter, as often as necessary in order to carry out  
27      the purposes of this chapter.
- 28      7. Each licensee or person subject to this chapter shall make available to the  
29      commissioner upon request the books and records relating to the operations of the  
30      licensee or person subject to this chapter. The commissioner shall have access to the  
31      books and records and interview the officers, principals, employees, independent

1 contractors, agents, and customers of the licensee or person subject to this chapter  
2 concerning their business.

3 8. Each licensee or person subject to this chapter shall make or compile reports or  
4 prepare other information as directed by the commissioner in order to carry out the  
5 purposes of this section, including:

6 a. Accounting compilations;

7 b. Information lists and data concerning loan transactions in a format prescribed by  
8 the commissioner; or

9 c. Other information deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

10 9. In making any investigation or examination authorized by this chapter, the  
11 commissioner may control access to any documents and records of the licensee or  
12 person under investigation or examination. The commissioner may take possession of  
13 the documents and records or place a person in exclusive charge of the documents  
14 and records in the place where they are usually kept. During the period of control, a  
15 person may not remove or attempt to remove any of the documents and records  
16 except pursuant to a court order or with the consent of the commissioner. Unless the  
17 commissioner has reasonable grounds to believe the documents or records of the  
18 licensee have been, or are at risk of being altered or destroyed for purposes of  
19 concealing a violation of this chapter, the licensee or owner of the documents and  
20 records may have access to the documents or records as necessary to conduct its  
21 ordinary business affairs.

22 10. In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the commissioner may:

23 a. Retain accountants, or other professionals and specialists as examiners,  
24 auditors, or investigators to conduct or assist in the conduct of examinations or  
25 investigations;

26 b. Enter into agreements or relationships with other government officials or  
27 regulatory associations in order to improve efficiencies and reduce regulatory  
28 burden by sharing resources, standardized or uniform methods or procedures,  
29 and documents, records, information, or evidence obtained under this section;

- 1           c. Use, hire, contract, or employ publicly or privately available analytical systems,  
2           methods, or software to examine or investigate the licensee, individual, or person  
3           subject to this chapter;
- 4           d. Accept and rely on examination or investigation reports made by other  
5           government officials, within or without this state; and
- 6           e. Accept audit reports made by an independent certified public accountant for the  
7           licensee or person subject to this chapter in the course of that part of the  
8           examination covering the same general subject matter as the audit and may  
9           incorporate the audit report in the report of the examination, report of  
10          investigation, or other writing of the commissioner.

11        11. The authority of this section remains in effect, whether such a licensee or person  
12        subject to this chapter acts or claims to act under any licensing or registration law of  
13        this state or claims to act without authority.

14        12. A licensee or person subject to investigation or examination under this section may not  
15        knowingly withhold, abstract, remove, mutilate, destroy, or secrete any books, records,  
16        computer records, or other information.

17        **13-13-18. Response to department requests.**

18        An applicant, licensee, or other person subject to the provisions of this chapter shall comply  
19        with requests for information, documents, or other requests from the department of financial  
20        institutions within the time specified in the request, which must be a minimum of ten days, or, if  
21        no time is specified, within thirty days of the mailing of the request by the department of  
22        financial institutions. If the request for information is in regard to a new application or renewal of  
23        an existing application and is not received within the time specified in the request, or within  
24        thirty days of the mailing of the request, the department may deny the application.

25        **13-13-19. Remedies not exclusive.**

26        The remedies provided for in this chapter are in addition to and not exclusive of any other  
27        remedies provided by law.

28        **13-13-20. Penalty.**

29        Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule or order of the  
30        department of financial institutions made pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or who  
31        engages in any act, practice, or transaction declared by any provision of this chapter to be

1 unlawful is guilty of a class C felony. The commissioner may impose a civil money penalty  
2 against any person who violates a law, rule, written agreement, or order under this chapter. The  
3 commissioner may not impose a civil money penalty in excess of one hundred thousand dollars  
4 for each occurrence and one thousand dollars per day for each day that the violation continues  
5 after issuance of an order. An interested party may appeal the assessment of a civil money  
6 penalty under the provisions of chapter 28-32 by filing a written notice of appeal within twenty  
7 days after service of the assessment of civil money penalties. A civil money penalty collected  
8 under this section must be deposited in the financial institutions regulatory fund.

9 **13-13-21. Confidentiality.**

10 To promote more effective regulation and reduce regulatory burden through supervisory  
11 information sharing:

- 12 1. Except as otherwise provided in Public Law 110-289, section 1512, the requirements  
13 under any federal law, chapter 44-04, or section 6-01-07.1, regarding the privacy or  
14 confidentiality of any information or material provided to the nationwide multistate  
15 licensing system and registry, and any privilege arising under federal or state law,  
16 including the rules of any federal or state court, with respect to information or material,  
17 continue to apply to information or material after the information or material has been  
18 disclosed to the nationwide multistate licensing system and registry. Information and  
19 material may be shared with all state and federal regulatory officials with mortgage  
20 industry oversight authority without the loss of privilege or the loss of confidentiality  
21 protections provided by federal law, chapter 44-04, or section 6-01-07.1.
- 22 2. For these purposes, the commissioner may enter agreements or sharing  
23 arrangements with other governmental agencies, the conference of state bank  
24 supervisors, the American association of residential mortgage regulators, or other  
25 associations representing governmental agencies.
- 26 3. Information or material that is subject to a privilege or confidentiality under  
27 subsection 1 is not subject to:
  - 28 a. Disclosure under any federal or state law governing the disclosure to the public of  
29 information held by an officer or an agency of the federal government or the  
30 respective state; or

1           b. Subpoena or discovery, or admission into evidence, in any administrative  
2           process, unless with respect to any privilege held by the nationwide multistate  
3           licensing system and registry with respect to such information or material, the  
4           person to whom the information or material pertains waives, in whole or in part, in  
5           the discretion of the person, that privilege.

6           4. The commissioner shall take all necessary steps, under any applicable law or rule, to  
7           protect the disclosure of information or material that is subject to a privilege or  
8           confidentiality under subsection 1. Records subject to a privilege or confidentiality  
9           under subsection 1 may be required to be disclosed only pursuant to an order of the  
10          court. The court ordering the disclosure shall issue a protective order to protect the  
11          confidential nature of the records.

12          5. Application of chapter 44-04 or section 6-01-07.1, relating to the disclosure of  
13          confidential supervisory information or any information or material described in  
14          subsection 1 which is inconsistent with subsection 1, is superseded by the  
15          requirements of this section.

16          **13-13-22. Change of name or address.**

17          A licensee is required to submit within twenty business days of the date of change  
18          notification of a change of name or change of address. The notification must be in the form  
19          prescribed by the commissioner.

20          **13-13-23. Call reports.**

21          Each licensee shall submit to the nationwide multistate licensing system and registry  
22          reports of condition which must be in the prescribed form and must contain the information as  
23          the nationwide multistate licensing system and registry may require. Failure to accurately report  
24          information required by this section is deemed to be a violation of subsection 1 of section  
25          13-13-15.

26          **13-13-24. Report to nationwide multistate licensing system.**

27          Notwithstanding state privacy law, the commissioner shall regularly report violations of this  
28          chapter, as well as enforcement actions and other relevant information, to the nationwide  
29          multistate licensing system and registry subject to the provisions contained in section 13-12-15.

1        **13-13-25. Disclosure of customer information.**

2        Except for provisions of chapter 6-08.1 which are inconsistent with this chapter, chapter  
3        6-08.1 applies to all residential mortgage loan servicers licensed under this chapter.

4        **SECTION 2. APPROPRIATION - DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS -**

5        **AUTHORIZATION - FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITION.** The funds provided in this section,  
6        or so much of the funds as may be necessary, are appropriated from special funds derived from  
7        licensing and examination fees, to the department of financial institutions for the purpose of  
8        administering and enforcing laws, rules, and regulations relating to residential mortgage loan  
9        servicers, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

10	Salaries and wages	\$200,000
11	Operating expenses	<u>25,000</u>
12	Total special funds	\$225,000
13	Full-time equivalent positions	1.00