Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

FIRST ENGROSSMENT with Conference Committee Amendments ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1437

Introduced by

Representatives Schreiber-Beck, D. Anderson, Beltz, D. Johnson, J. Nelson, O'Brien, Schmidt

Senators Klein, Kreun

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact section 61-32-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to small subsurface water management systems; to amend and reenact subsection 3 of
- 3 section 61-02-01.4 and section 61-32-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to large
- 4 subsurface water management system permits and the state water commission cost-share
- 5 policy; to provide a penalty; to provide an expiration date; and to declare an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 7 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 61-02-01.4 of the North Dakota
 8 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 3. Must consider all project costs potentially eligible for reimbursement, except the 10 commission shall exclude operations expense, regular maintenance, and removal of 11 vegetative materials and sediment, for assessment drains, and may exclude 12 operations expense and regular maintenance for other projects. Snagging and 13 clearing of watercourses are not regular maintenanceand deepening or widening of 14 existing drains are eligible for reimbursement. The commission shall require a water 15 project sponsor to maintain a capital improvement fund from the rates charged 16 customers for future extraordinary maintenance projects as condition of funding an
- 17 extraordinary maintenance project.
- SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 61-32-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 20 61-32-03.1. Permit to drain subsurface waters required Permit form Penalty.
- 21 1.a. Installation of a subsurface water management system comprising eighty acres
- 22 [32.37 hectares] of land area or more requires a permit. The watershed area drained-
- 23 by a subsurface water management system may not be used to determine whether-

1		the	system requires a permit under this section.A person that violates this section is
2		guil	ty of an infraction.
3		b.	Subsurface water management systems that use surface intakes or lift stations
4			must be permitted exclusively under this section if the system will have a
5			drainage coefficient of three-eighths of an inch [0.95 centimeters] or less.
6			Subsurface water management systems that use surface intakes must be
7			permitted exclusively under section 61-32-03 if the system will have a drainage
8			coefficient exceeding three-eighths of an inch [0.95 centimeters].
9		C.	Installation of a subsurface water management system comprising less than
10			eighty acres [32.37 hectares] of land area does not require a permit.
11	2.	<u>For</u>	purposes of this section, a "natural watercourse" includes, in addition to
12		wat	ercourses defined in section 61-01-06, any waterway depicted as a perennial or
13		inte	rmittent stream or river on a United States geological survey topography map.
14	<u>3.</u>	a.	The state engineer shall develop an application form for a permit required under
15			this section. A person seeking to construct a subsurface water management
16			system that requires a permit under this section mustshall submit a completed
17			application to the water resource district board within which is found a majority of
18			the land area for consideration and approval. The water resource district board-
19			may charge permit applicants a fee up to onefive hundred fifty dollars. Water-
20			resource districts shall forward copies of all approved permits to the state
21			engineerThe fee must be paid before the water resource district may approve the
22			application.
23		b.	Upon submission of a completed application for a permit, the water resource
24			district board immediately shall give notice and a copy of the submission via-
25			certified mail to each owner of land within one mile [1.61 kilometers] downstream
26			of the proposed subsurface water management system outlet unless the distance-
27			to the nearest waterway depicted as a perennial or intermittent stream or river on
28			a United States geological survey topography map, assessment drain, natural
29			watercourse, slough, or lake is less than one mile [1.61 kilometers], in which case-
30			notice and a copy of the submission must be given immediately to each owner of
31			land between the outlet and the nearest assessment drain, natural watercourse,

1	slough, or lake. The notice requirement in this section must be waived if the
2	applicant presents signed, notarized letters of approval from all downstream
3	landowners entitled to notice in this subsection.

4 3. а. If the water resource board receives notarized letters of approval from all-5 downstream landowners entitled to notice, the board shall approve the completed-6 permit application as soon as practicable but no later than thirty days after receipt 7 of the last letter. Otherwise, the water resource board shall review the completed 8 application at its next meeting that is at least thirty days after receipt of the 9 application. The board shall consider any written, technical evidence provided bythe applicant or a landowner notified under subsection 2 addressing whether the 10 11 land of a notified landowner will be flooded or unreasonably harmed by the 12 proposed subsurface water management system. For purposes of this section-13 "technical evidence" means written information regarding the proposed-14 subsurface water management system, prepared after consideration of the-15 design and physical aspects of the proposed system, and any adverse hydraulic-16 effects, including erosion, flood duration, crop loss, and downstream water-17 control device operation impacts, which may occur to land owned by a landowner-18 provided under subsection 2. Technical evidence must be submitted to the permit-19 applicant, notified landowners, and the board within thirty days of the receipt of 20 the completed permit application by the board. A notified landowner may not-21 object to the proposed system unless the landowner presents technical evidence-22 under this subsection.

b. If the board finds, based on technical evidence, the proposed subsurface watermanagement system will flood or unreasonably harm lands of a landownernotified under subsection 2, the board may require the applicant to obtain anotarized letter of approval before issuing a permit for the system. The board maynot require a letter of approval for any land downstream of a system that outletsinto an assessment drain, natural watercourse, or pond, slough, or lake if notifiedlandowners did not provide technical evidence to the district.

30c.A water resource district may attach reasonable conditions to an approved permit31for a subsurface water management system that outlets directly into a legal

1			assessment drain or public highway right of way. For purposes of this subsection,
2			"reasonable conditions" means conditions that address the outlet location, proper-
3			erosion control, reseeding of disturbed areas, installation of riprap or other ditch-
4			stabilization, and conditions that require all work to be done in a neat and
5			professional manner. Any condition to locate the project a minimum distance from-
6			rural water supply lines may not extend beyond an existing easement for lines, or
7			no greater than twenty feet [6.1 meters] from either side of the water line if the
8			rural water line was installed under a blanket easement.
9		d.	A water resource district may require a subsurface water management system
10			granted a permit under this section to incorporate a control structure at the outlet
11			into the design of the system and may require the control structure be closed
12			during critical flood periods.
13		e.	A water resource district board may not deny a completed permit application
14			under this section unless the board determines, based on technical evidence
15			submitted by a landowner notified under subsection 2, the proposed water-
16			management system will flood or unreasonably harm land of a notified
17			landowner, and a notarized letter of approval required by the board has not been
18			obtained by the applicant. For purposes of this section, "unreasonable harm" is
19			limited to hydraulic impacts, including erosion or other adverse impacts that
20			degrade the physical integrity of a roadway or real property within one mile [1.61-
21			kilometers] downstream of the system's outlet. The board shall include a written
22			explanation of the reasons for a denial of a completed application and notify, by-
23			certified mail, the applicant and all landowners notified under subsection 2 of the
24			approval or denial.
25		f.	The board may not deny a permit more than sixty days after receipt of the
26			completed application for the permit. If the board fails to deny the permit
27			application within sixty days of receipt, the permit application is deemed
28			approved.
29	4.	Ad	enial of a completed permit application by a water resource district board may be
30		app	bealed, under section 28-34-01, to the district court of the county in which the permit-
31		app	plication was filed. The court may approve a completed permit application denied by

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1		a water r	a water resource district board or the state engineer if the application meets the			
2		requirem	ents c	ents of this section.		
3	5.	A comple	eted p	ermit application includes:		
4		<u>(1)</u>	<u>A co</u>	A completed application form signed by an applicant and filed with the		
5			<u>distr</u>	district;		
6		<u>(2)</u>	<u>Evid</u>	Evidence of ownership for each parcel to be tiled according to the tax rolls		
7			<u>of th</u>	of the county in which the parcel is located;		
8		<u>(3)</u>	<u>A pr</u>	oject design, including:		
9			<u>(a)</u>	A detailed drawing depicting the subsurface water management		
10				system's location overlain on an aerial photograph of the parcel;		
11			<u>(b)</u>	The system's location by legal description identifying either the		
12				relevant quarter, section, township, and range or the relevant block		
13				and lot number;		
14			<u>(c)</u>	The physical footprint of the system's layout;		
15			<u>(d)</u>	The tile-main sizes and locations;		
16			<u>(e)</u>	(e) The laterals to the tile-main sizes and locations:		
17			<u>(f)</u>	(f) Surface inlet sizes and locations; and		
18			<u>(g)</u>	Outlet sizes, locations, and types;		
19		<u>(4)</u>	A downstream flow map or depiction of the flow direction from each outlet			
20			loca	location for one mile [1.61 kilometers] downstream which includes the		
21			<u>loca</u>	location of the downstream parcels by legal description identifying either the		
22			relevant quarter, section, township, and range or the relevant block and lot			
23			number; and			
24		<u>(5)</u>	Evidence of ownership for each parcel within one mile [1.61 kilometers]			
25			downstream of each project outlet according to the tax rolls for the county in			
26			which the parcel is located, unless the distance to the nearest assessment			
27			drain, natural watercourse, slough, or lake is less than one mile			
28			[1.61 kilometers] downstream of a proposed outlet, in which case the			
29			applicant shall provide evidence of ownership for each parcel between the			
30			outlet and the nearest assessment drain, natural watercourse, slough, or			
31			lake	lake.		

1		<u>C.</u>	Unless the district notifies an applicant the application is incomplete and provides		
2			a list of information required to complete the application within three business		
3			days after the day the district receives the application, the application is deemed		
4			complete.		
5		<u>d.</u>	Detailed drawings submitted pursuant to subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of		
6			subdivision b as part of an application for a permit under this section after the		
7			effective date of this Act are exempt records under section 44-04-18 and may be		
8			provided to individuals only as necessary to make a decision whether to approve		
9			the permit.		
10	<u>4.</u>	<u>A d</u>	istrict may attach conditions to an approved permit for a subsurface water		
11		mai	nagement system if the conditions address:		
12		<u>a.</u>	Outlet locations including requirements for pump and control structures to be		
13			installed no closer than twenty-five feet [7.62 meters] from the top of the back		
14			slope of an assessment drain;		
15		<u>b.</u>	Installation and maintenance of proper erosion control at all outlets;		
16		<u>C.</u>	Re-establishment of disturbed areas to previous conditions;		
17		<u>d.</u>	The minimum distance from rural water supply lines. However, a district may not		
18			attach a condition requiring a system to extend beyond an existing easement for		
19			a rural water line, or, if the rural water line was installed under a blanket		
20			easement, requiring a system to extend beyond twenty feet [6.1 meters] from		
21			either side of a rural water line;		
22		<u>e.</u>	Installation and operation of control structures at project outlets including		
23			requirements for control structures to be closed or pump outlets to be turned off		
24			during critical flood periods;		
25		<u>f.</u>	Requirements for a permittee to obtain an amendment to a permit for alterations		
26			to outlet locations, new outlets, or improvements resulting in drainage of		
27			additional acres:		
28		<u>g.</u>	If the subsurface water management system will discharge into the watershed		
29			area of a assessment drain, inclusion of the relevant property into the		
30			assessment district for the assessment drain in accordance with the benefits the		
31			property receives, provided the property is not assessed already for the		

1			assessment drain. The water resource district may include the new property into			
2			the assessment district, and determine the benefits and assessment amounts			
3			under chapters 61-21 and 61-16.1, without conducting the reassessment of			
4			benefit proceedings under sections 61-21-44 and 61-16.1-26, provided the			
5			property is not assessed already for the assessment drain.			
6		<u>h.</u>	Requirements for a permittee to remove silt and vegetation, or repair erosion and			
7			scour damages directly caused by the subsurface water management system, up			
8			to one mile [1.61 kilometers] downstream from a proposed outlet, unless the			
9			distance to the nearest assessment drain, natural watercourse, slough, or lake is			
10			less than one mile [1.61 kilometers] downstream of the proposed outlet, in which			
11			case the district may require silt and vegetation removal or erosion and scour			
12			damage repair between the outlet and the nearest assessment drain, natural			
13			watercourse, slough, or lake. For purposes of this subdivision and subdivision i:			
14			(1) Downstream damage repair does not include deepening or widening a road			
15			ditch or existing drain;			
16			(2) The timing and method of silt and vegetation removal or damage repair in a			
17			county or township road ditch must be preapproved by the appropriate road			
18			authority; and			
19			(3) The applicant shall follow any construction site protection requirements of			
20			the road authority.			
21		<u>i.</u>	If a downstream landowner or road authority presents substantial evidence a			
22			subsurface water management system directly has caused accumulation of silt,			
23			vegetation erosion, or scouring, the requirement or authorization of the applicant			
24			to remove the silt and vegetation or repair the erosion and scour damages			
25			directly caused by the system. However, the applicant may not spread silt,			
26			vegetation, or debris along adjoining land without the permission of all parties			
27			having a legal interest in the land.			
28	<u>5.</u>	<u>A d</u>	istrict shall approve a permit, including any permissible conditions, within thirty			
29		<u>day</u>	days after the district receives the completed application. If the district fails to approve			
30		<u>the</u>	the permit application within that period, the permit is deemed approved with no			
31		conditions.				

1	<u>6.</u>	Upon approval of a permit, the district shall forward notice of the approved permit and			
2		the downstream flow map to the state engineer and to each landowner who owns			
3		property within one mile [1.61 kilometers] downstream of each project outlet according			
4		to the tax rolls of the county in which the property is located, unless the distance to the			
5		nearest assessment drain, natural watercourse, slough, or lake is less than one mile			
6		[1.61 kilometers] downstream of the proposed outlet, in which case the district shall			
7		provide notice to landowners with property between the outlet and the nearest			
8		assessment drain, natural watercourse, slough, or lake. The district shall send copies			
9		of the notice by first-class mail, attested by an affidavit of mailing. The district does not			
10		need to provide copies of the permit application under this subsection.			
11	<u>7.</u>	An amendment of a previously approved subsurface water management system			
12		permit must be made according to the provisions for approving a permit under this			
13		section.			
14	<u>8.</u>	A water resource district board may not be held liable to any person for issuing a			
15		permit under this section.			
16	6.	A person that installs a subsurface water management system requiring a permit-			
17		under this section without first securing the permit is liable for all damages sustained			
18		by a person caused by the subsurface water management system.			
19	7.	A person that installs a subsurface water management system requiring a permit			
20		under this section without first securing the permit is guilty of an infraction.			
21	<u>9.</u>	Approval of a permit under this section does not prohibit a downstream party			
22		unreasonably damaged by the discharge of water from a subsurface water			
23		management system from seeking damages in a civil action.			
24	<u>10.</u>	This section applies only to subsurface water management systems that drain, in			
25		whole or in part, platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural crops or			
26		grazing farm animals.			
27	7 SECTION 3. Section 61-32-03.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted				
28	as follov	VS:			

1	61-32-03.2. Smaller subsurface water management systems - Notification and					
2	2 <u>conditions - Penalty.</u>					
3	<u>1.</u>	A person may not install a subsurface water management system comprising less than				
4		eighty acres [32.37 hectares] of land area until the person has notified the board of the				
5		water resource district within which is found a majority of the land area of the system				
6		of the following information:				
7		a. The system's total acreage and legal description of the land being drained;				
8		b. The outlet locations and types; and				
9		c. The flow direction from each outlet location.				
10	<u>2.</u>	A person required to notify the board under subsection 1 shall install the subsurface				
11		water management system such that:				
12		a. Pump and control structures at pump outlets are installed no closer than				
13		twenty-five feet [7.62 meters] from the top of the back slope of an assessment				
14		drain;				
15		b. Proper erosion controls are installed and maintained at all outlets; and				
16		c. Pumps and control structures at project outlets are closed or turned off during				
17		critical flood periods.				
18	<u>3.</u>	If a subsurface water management system for which notification is required under				
19		subsection 1 will discharge into the watershed area of an assessment drain, the water				
20		resource board that receives the notice may require the relevant property to be				
21		included in the assessment district for the assessment drain in accordance with the				
22		benefits the property receives, provided the property is not assessed already for the				
23		assessment drain. The water resource district also may include the property in the				
24		assessment district and determine the benefits and assessment amounts under				
25		chapter 61-21 and 61-16.1, without conducting the reassessment of benefit				
26		proceedings under section 61-21-44 and 61-16.1-26, provided the property is not				
27		assessed already for the assessment drain.				
28	<u>4.</u>	The board of the water resource district within which the subsurface water				
29		management system is located may order the system's owner or operator to bring the				
30		system into compliance with subsection 2 if the board finds the system violates that				
31		subsection.				

1	5. /	A person that violates this section is	quil	ty of an infraction.

- 2 <u>6.</u> This section applies only to subsurface water management systems that drain, in
- 3 whole or in part, platted or unplatted lands used for raising agricultural crops or
 4 grazing farm animals.
- 5 <u>7.</u> This section does not apply to a subsurface water management system that
- 6 <u>discharges into a body of water completely encompassed by land owned by the</u>
 7 <u>person that owns the land drained by the system.</u>
- 8. <u>The information that must be provided to a board of a water resource district under this</u>
 9 <u>section is an exempt record under section 44-04-18.</u>
- 10 **SECTION 4. EXPIRATION DATE.** Section 3 of this Act is effective through December 31,
- 11 2022, and after that date is ineffective.
- 12 **SECTION 5. EMERGENCY.** This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.